

### Societal Needs Identification

### Dr. Enrico Ferro



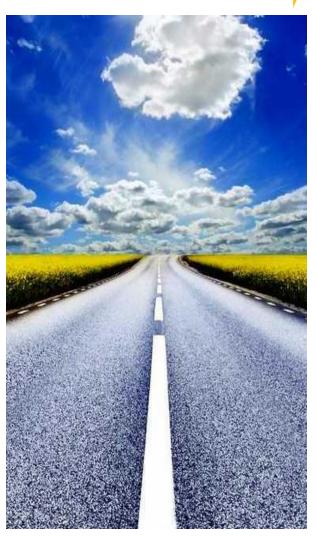
The project leading to this application has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 692868

www.sonnets-project.eu

# Agenda



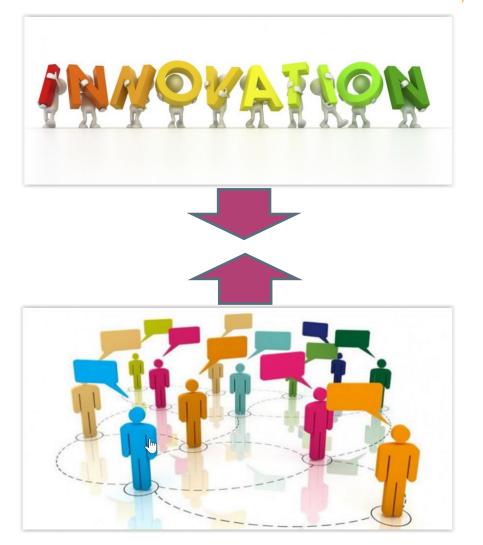
- Role in the project
- Methodological view
- Needs overview
- Perspectives summarisation
- Conclusive remarks



# Role of Needs in Project



- Set the stage for innovation support activities
- Help generating valuable innovation



## Methodology Overview



#### Phase 1: Review of Relevant Academic and Gray Literature

n=232 sources

Generation of long list of needs for each stakeholder (government, individuals and businesses)

#### Phase 2: Interviews with the privileged informants

n=34 interviews

Identification of needs and prioritising the needs

#### Phase 3: Focus group with SONNETS expert committee

n=4 participants

Validation of needs and identification of relevant innovation best practices

#### Phase 4: Off-line & Online Validation

n=33 participants + x

Validation of needs relevance, identification of barriers and success factors

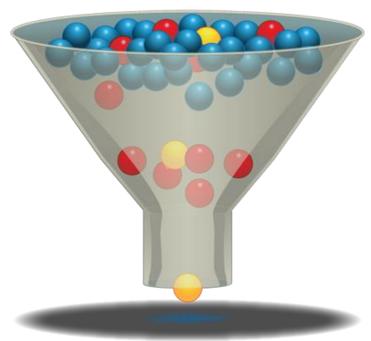
## Needs Validation and Filtering



# Long list of 53 needs

(literature review)





#### Short list of 28 needs

http://innodev.ismb.it/sonnets/interviews/privileged-informants/

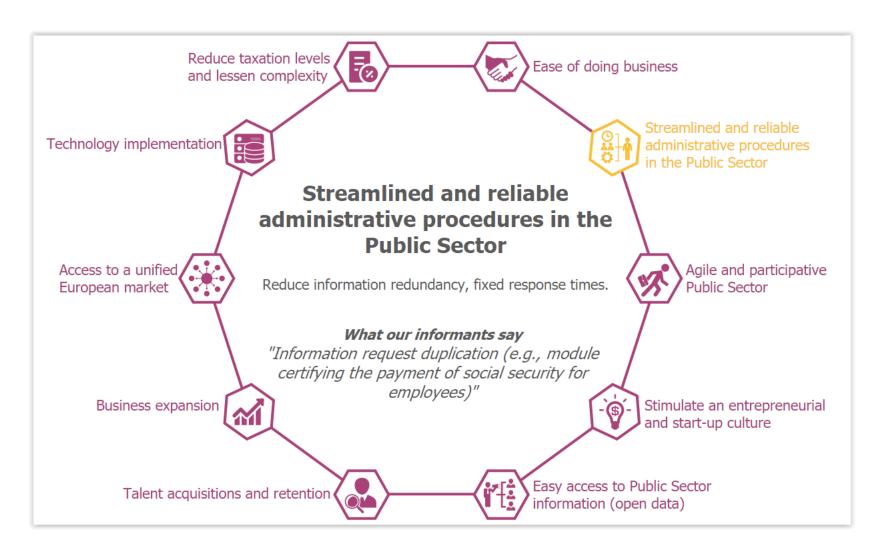
#### 8 Individuals Needs





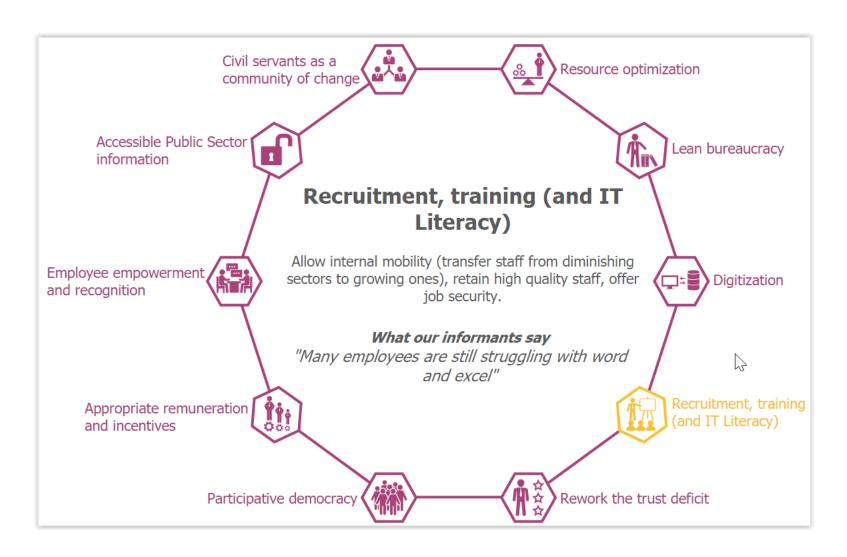
#### 10 Business Needs





#### 10 Government Needs





### Needs with local relevance



STAKEHOLDER	PRIORITY NEED	COUNTRIES EXPRESSING THE PRIORITY
INDIVIDUALS	Inclusive well-being and health	IT, ES, DE
	Faster access to public services	GR, DE
	Political participation	IT
	Education & training	ES
	Paperless state	GR
BUSINESSES	Easy access to public sector information	IT, ES
	Stimulate an	GR, DE
	entrepreneurial and	
	start-up culture	
	Access to funds	GR
	Simplifying recruitment procedures	ES
	Talent acquisition and retention	DE
PUBLIC SECTOR	Increase resources productivity	IT, GR, ES
	Employees remuneration and incentives	IT, GR
	Improve access to public services	ES
	Civil servants as a community of change	DE
	Recruitment and training	DE

- Convergence on a few needs
- Heterogeneity
  between Germany
  and Mediterranean
  Countries and
  among the latters

### **Perspectives Summarization**



### Public sector innovation from the outside:

- Simple (rules, interfaces and processes),
- Accountable (certain response times, resources allocation),
- Inclusive (guarantee basic needs, participation).

### Public sector innovation from the inside:

- Meritocratic (incentives, selection),
- Agile (bureaucracy, skills, fresh energies),
- Integrated/coordinated (with private sector).

### **Barriers and Success Factors**



#### Barriers:

- Lack of adequate financial resources
- Aging workforce
- Complexity of legal frameworks
- Inadequate coordination with private sector

#### Potential success factors:

- Incentives: innovation entails risk
- Simplicity: reduce burden on users' side
- Automation: no-stop approach where applicable

#### Conclusive Ramarks



- Technology seems to be only one ingredient of the solution (not necessarily the main one)
- Opportunities: Block chain, IoT, Linked data, AI, as well as social media, cloud and mobile.
- Human capital emerged as a cross-country issue
- Technological solutions should be made transparent to internal and external stakeholders











Contact: Enrico FERRO & Aakanksha GAUR

**ISMB** 

ferro@ismb.it - gaur@ismb.it